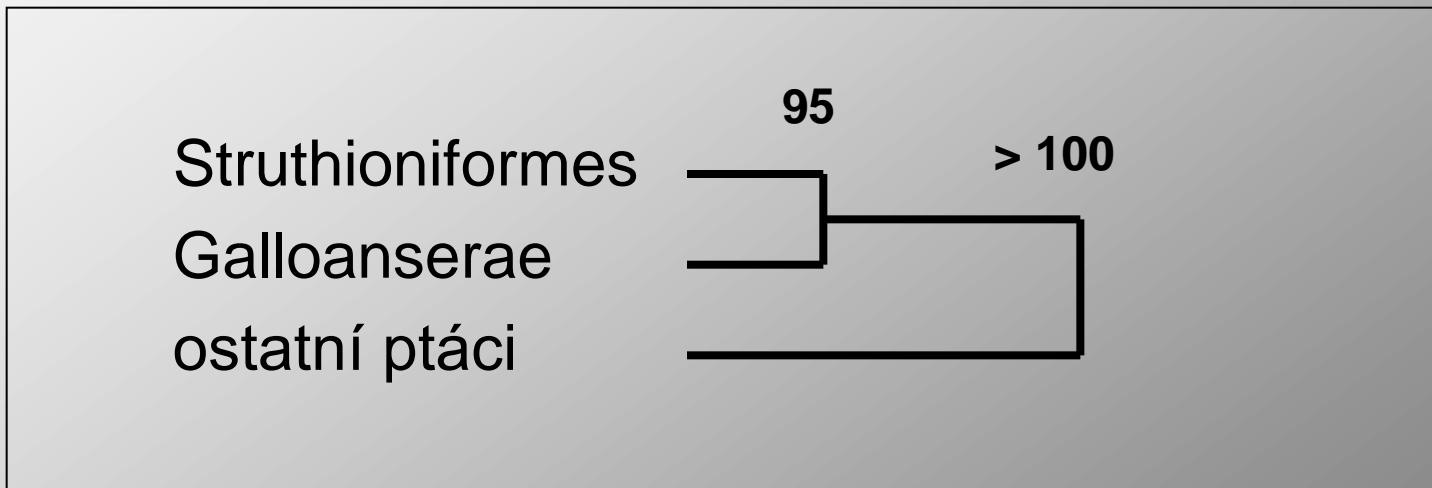


Rekapitulace systémů

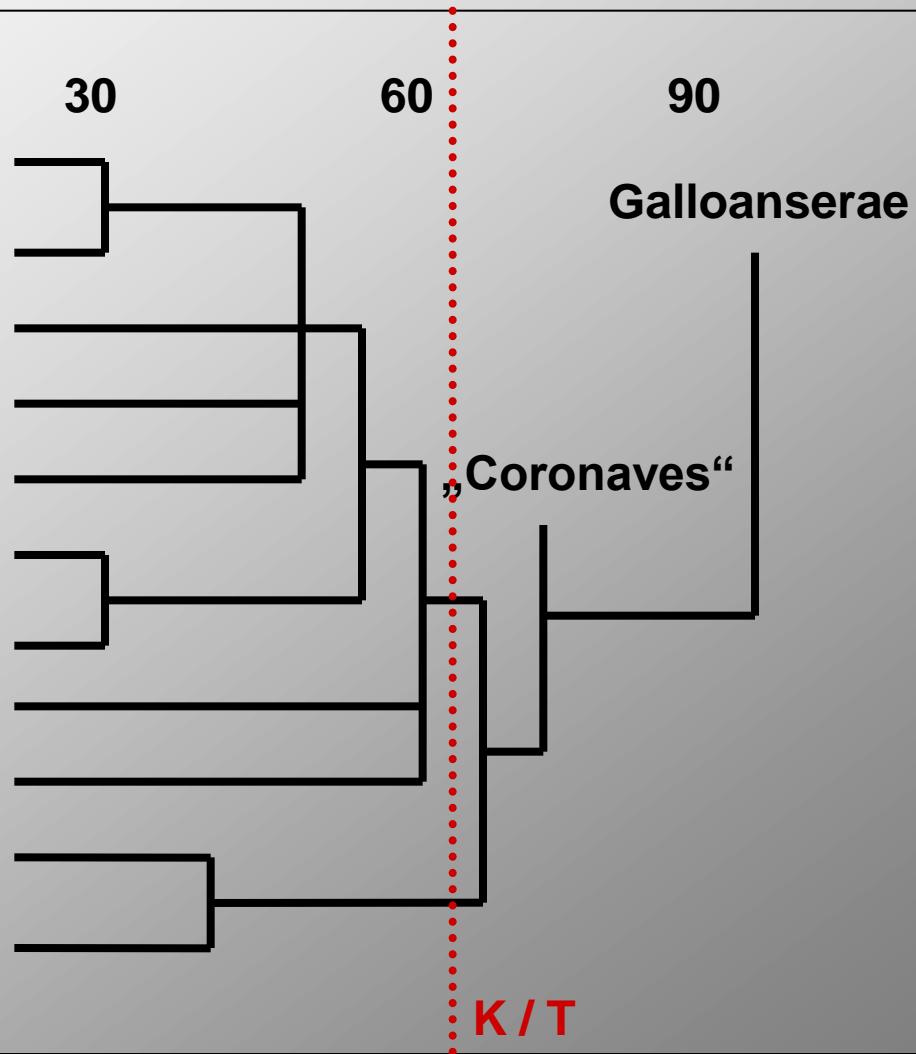
Pravděpodobná doba štěpení vyšších taxonomických skupin (Myr)



(Ericson et al. 2006)

„Metaves“

Podicipedidae
Phoenicopteridae
Opisthocomidae
Phaethontidae
Mesitornithidae
Eurypyga
Rynochetos
Columbidae
Pteroclididae
Caprimulgiformes
Apodiformes

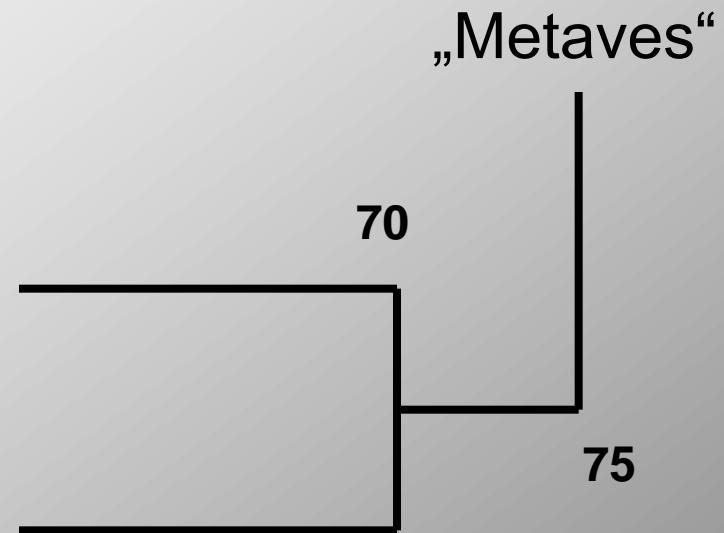


(Ericson et al. 2006)

„Coronaves“

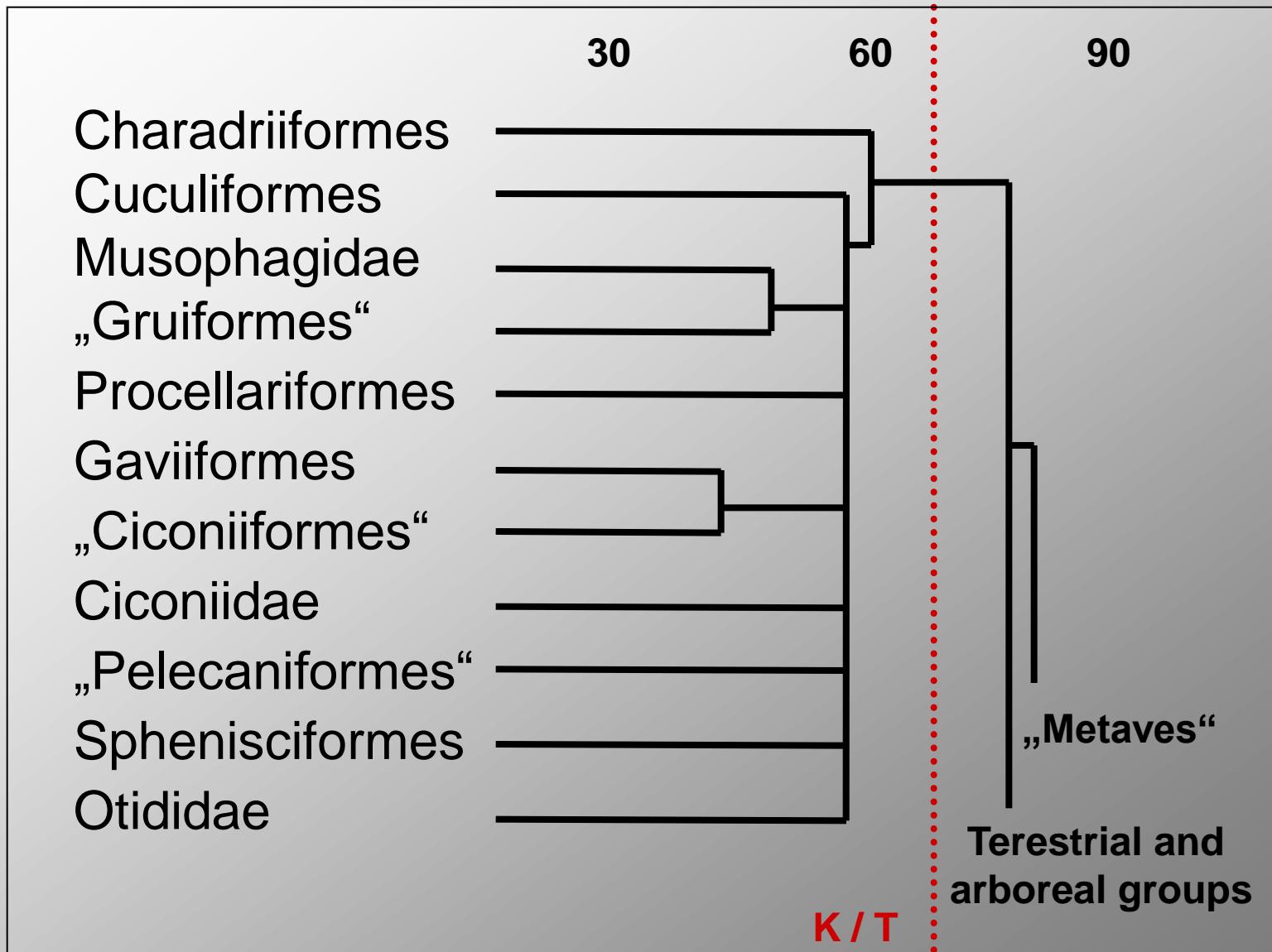
„Shorebirds“ + aquatic
and semiaquatic groups

Terrestrial and arboreal
groups



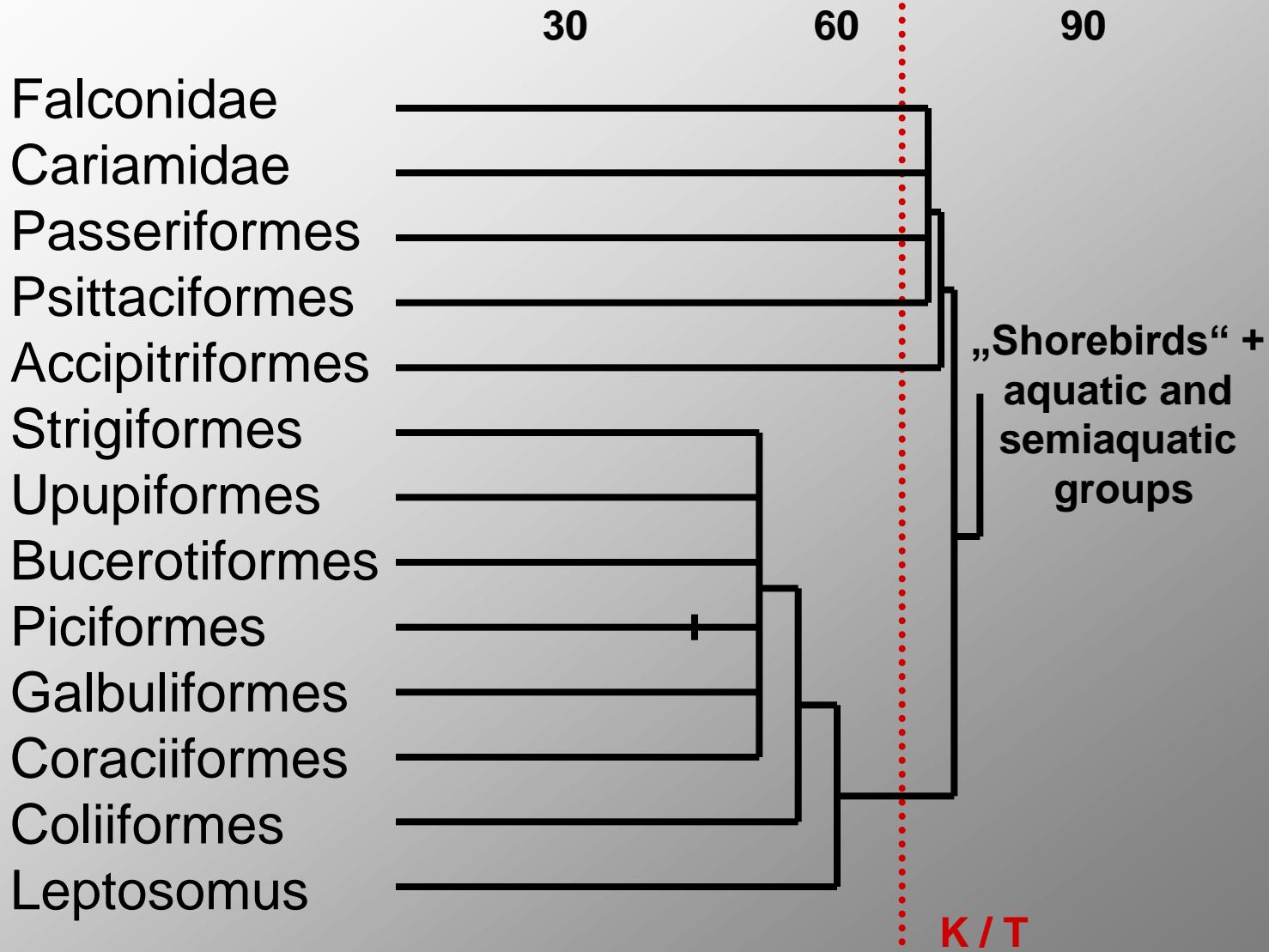
(Ericson et al. 2006)

„Shorebirds“ + aquatic and semiaquatic groups



(Ericson et al. 2006)

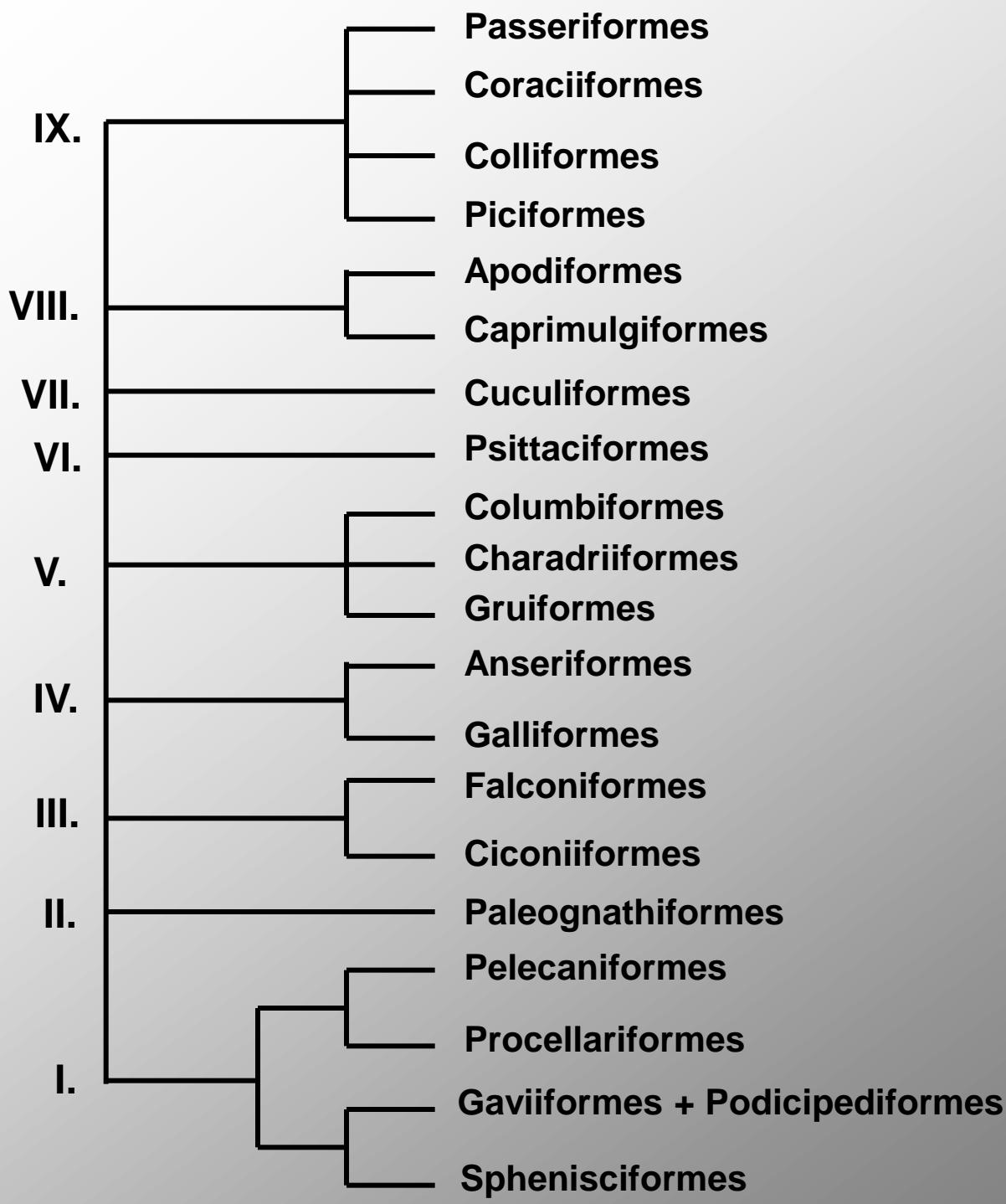
Terrestrial and arboreal groups



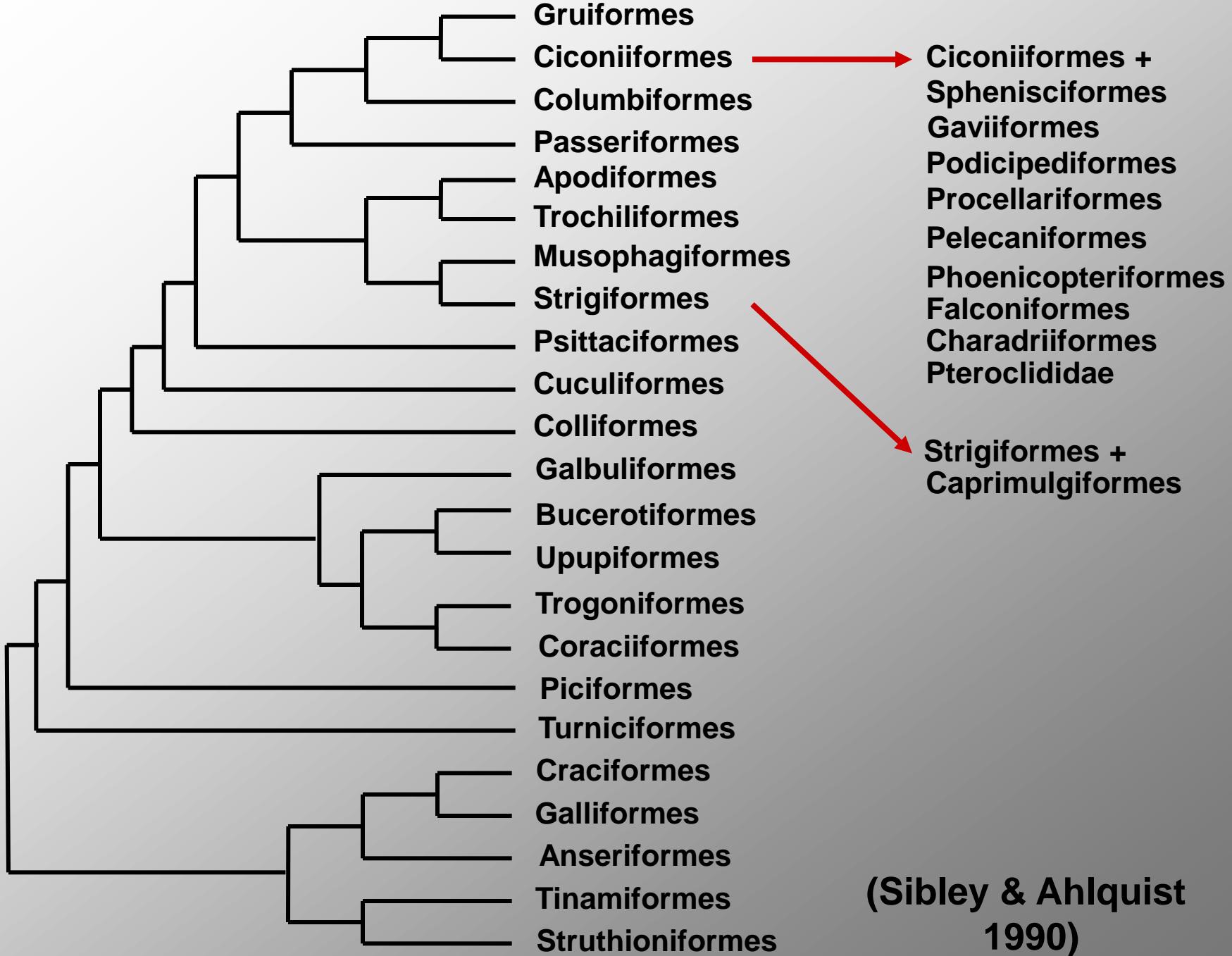
(Ericson et al. 2006)

Metodika studia příbuznosti vyšších taxonomických skupin

- Cracraft (1981): morfologie (základní)
- Sibley & Ahlquist (1990) – DNA – DNA hybridizace
- Ericson et al. (2006): Biology Letters – DNA, geny pro RAG-1, dekarboxylázu, myoglobin a β -fibrinogen
- Livezey & Zusi (2007): Zool J Linn Soc - morfologie (2954 znaků)
- Hackett et al. (2008): Science – DNA, 19 jaderných lokusů na 15 chromozómech (kódující AK, např. purin, pyrimidin)

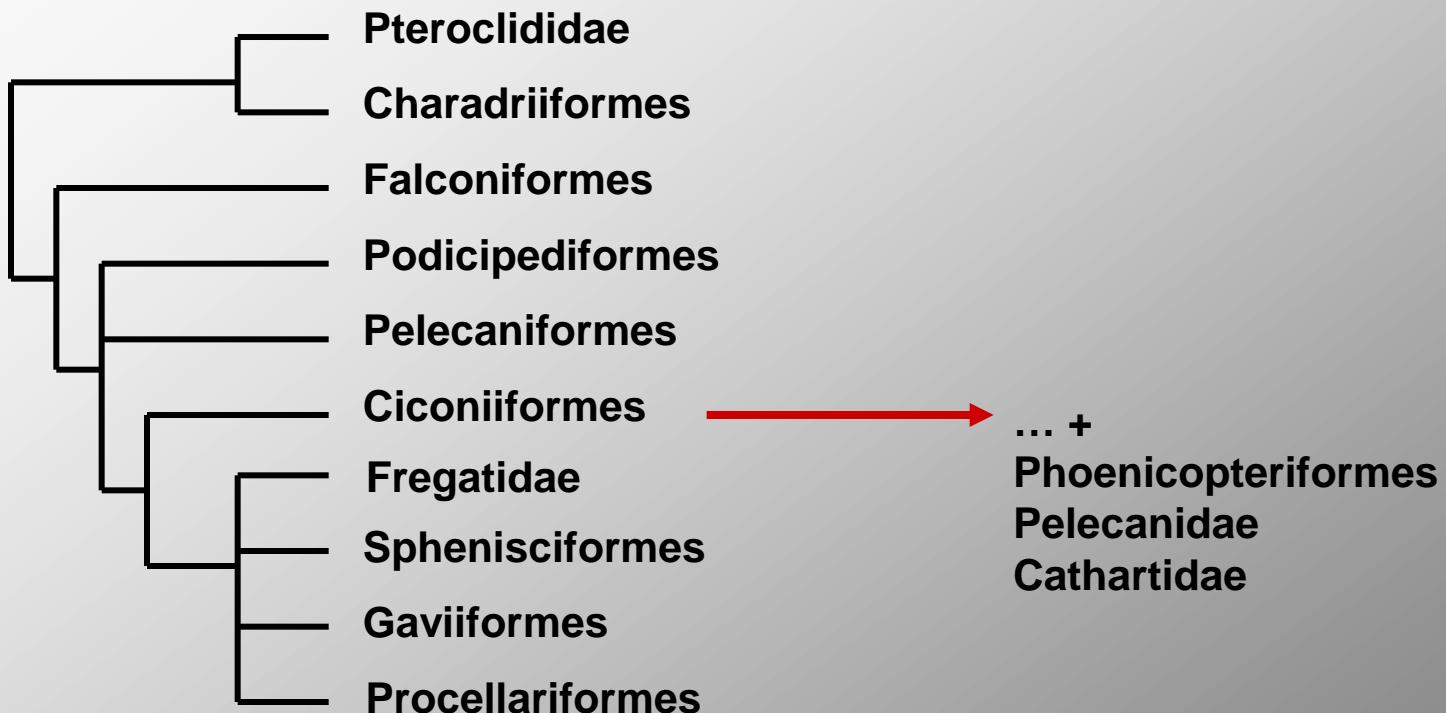


(Cracraft 1981)

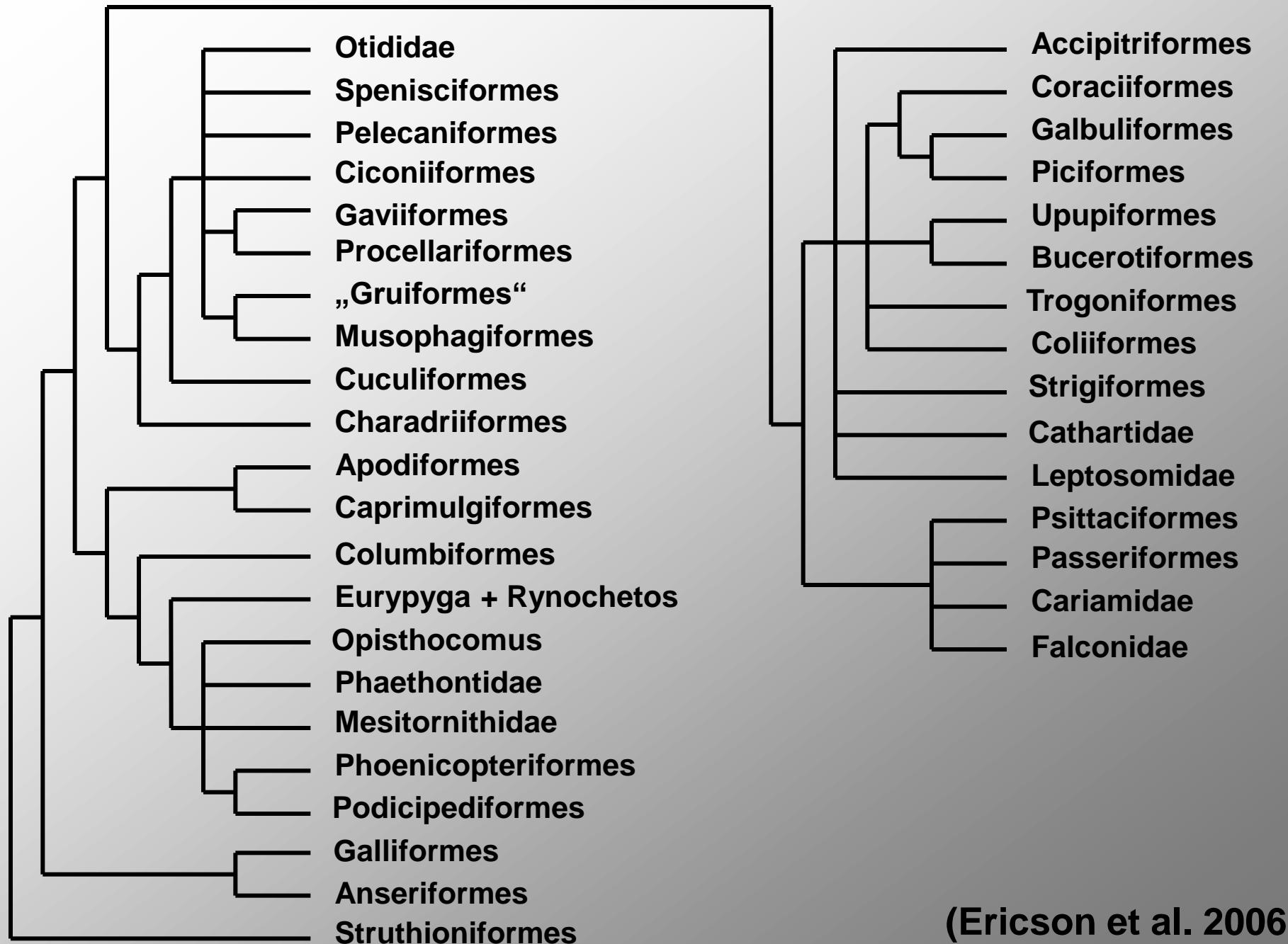


(Sibley & Ahlquist
1990)

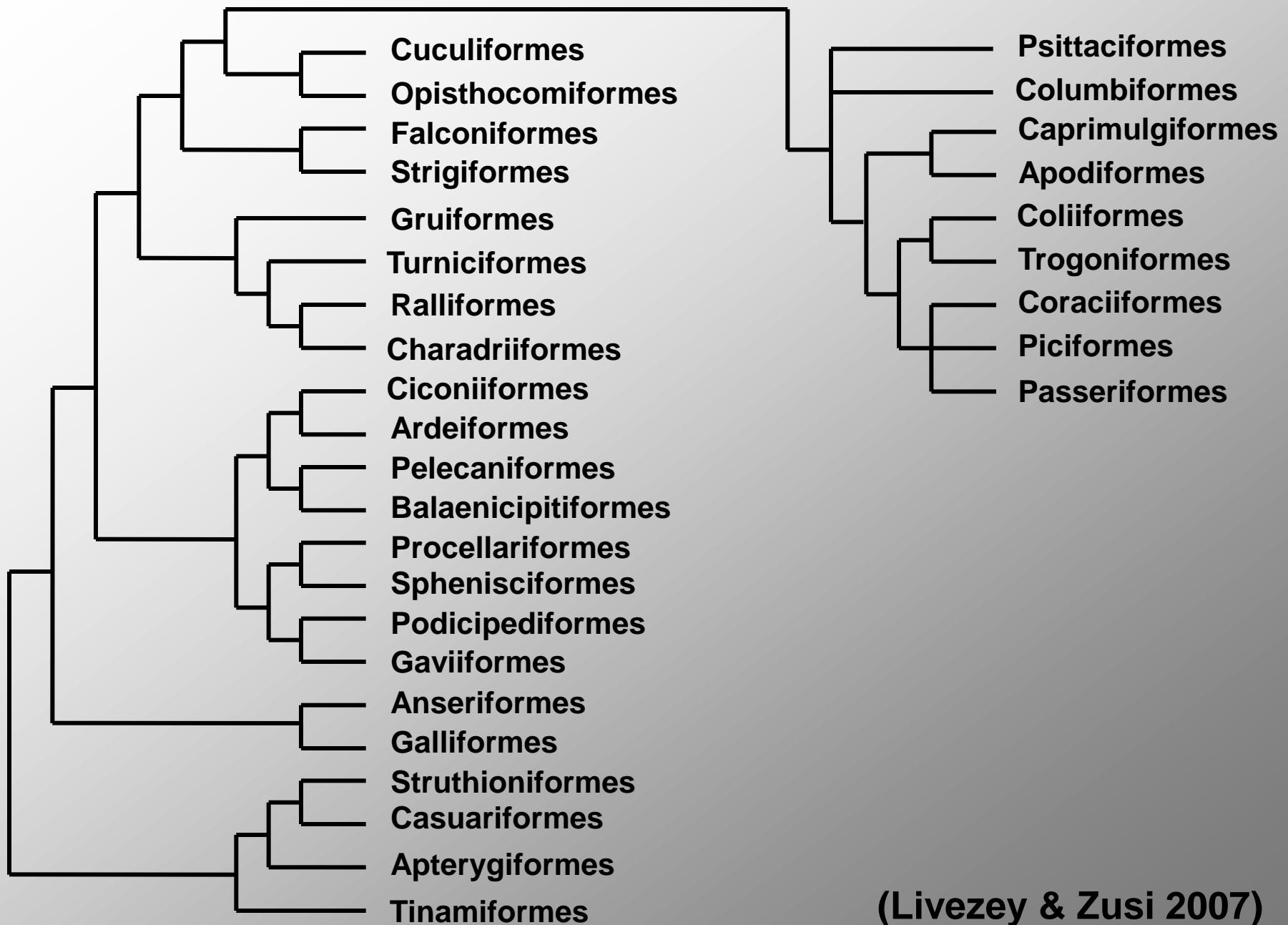
„Ciconiiformes“:



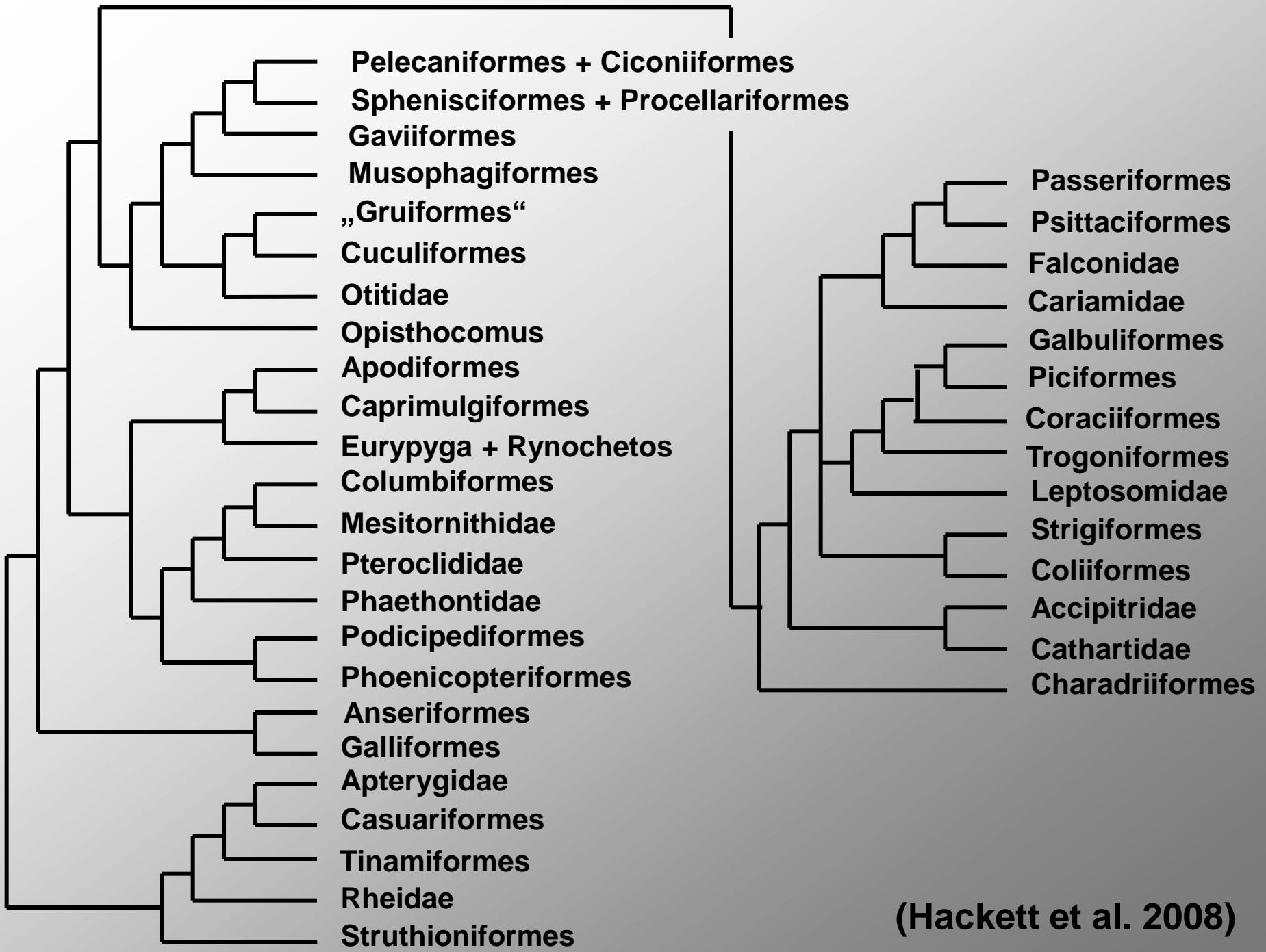
(Sibley & Ahlquist 1990)

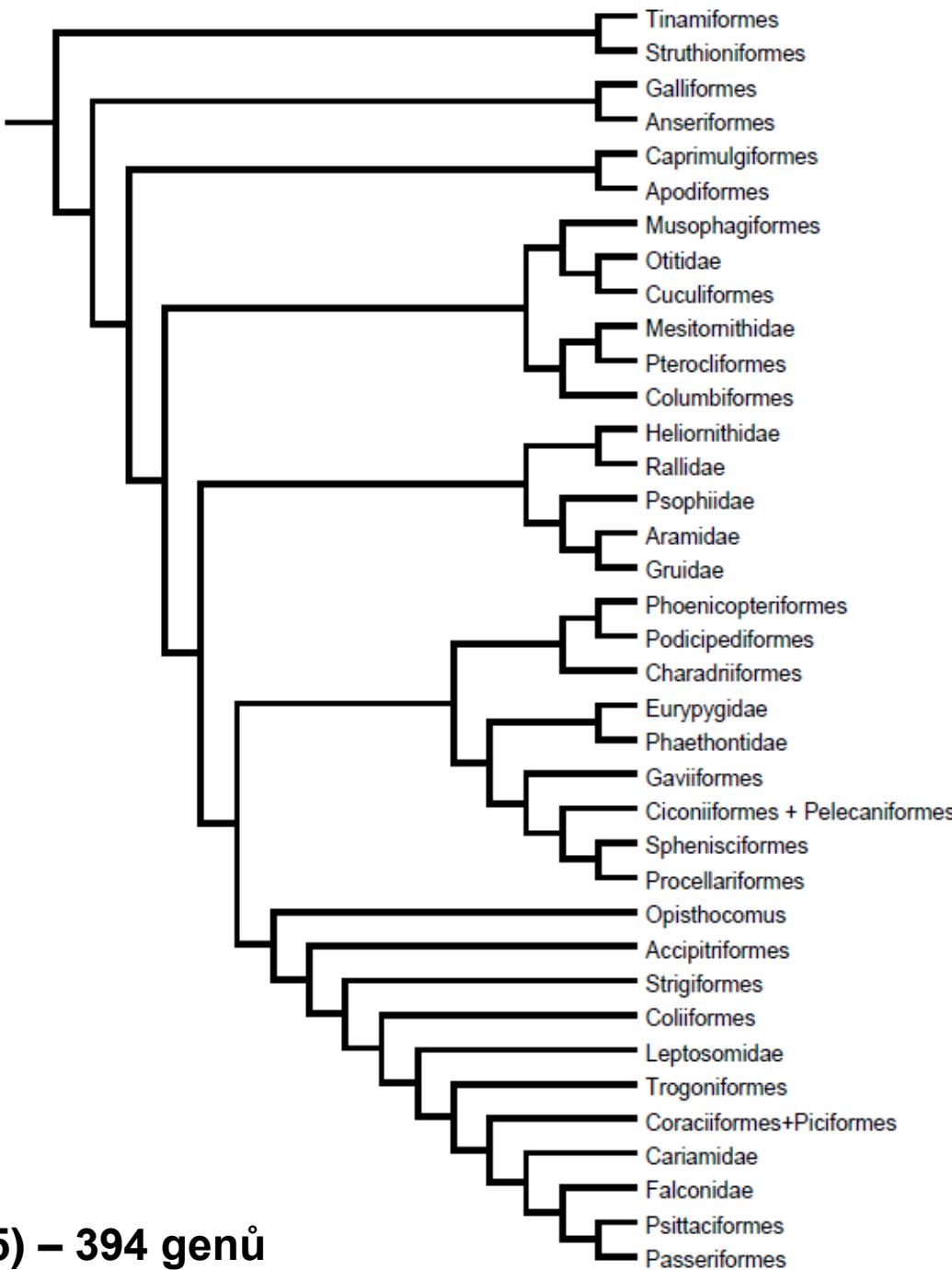


(Ericson et al. 2006)



(Livezey & Zusi 2007)





(Prum et al. 2015) – 394 genū